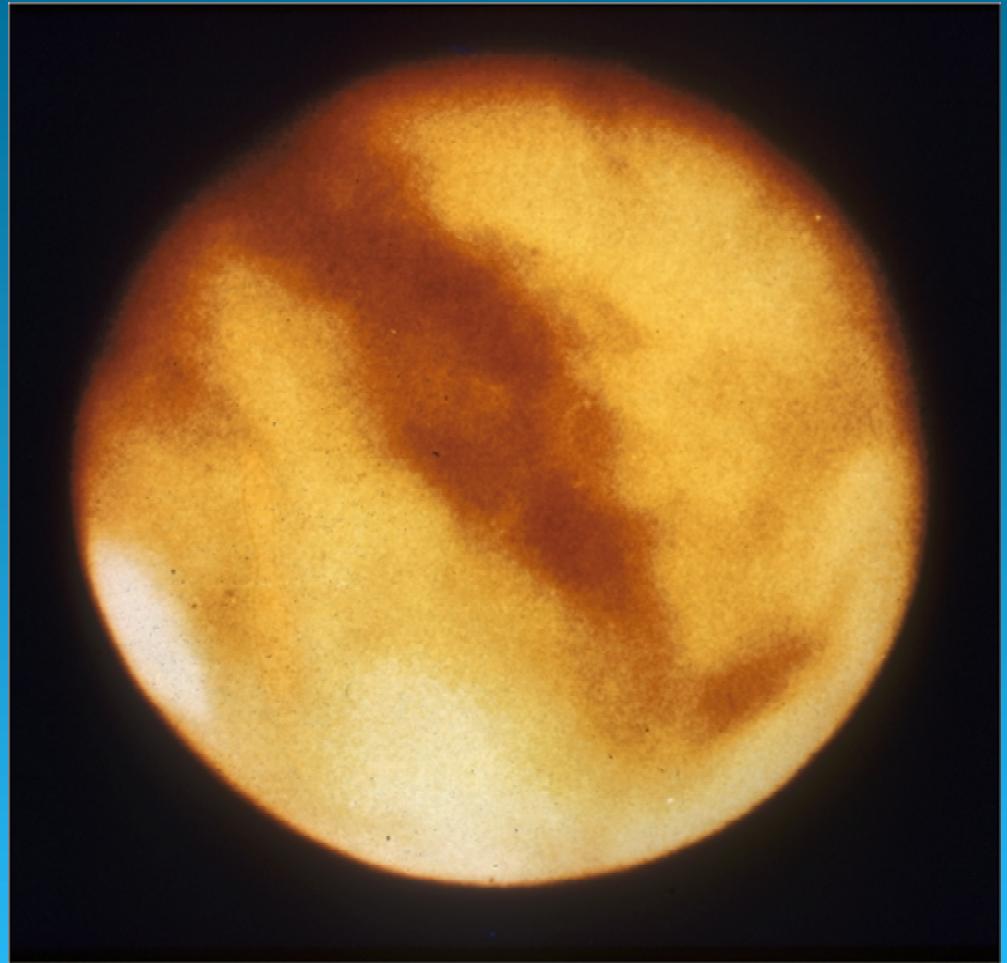


MARS - THE ASTROBIOLOGY CONNECTION

Ronald Greeley
Arizona State University

Exploration:
Past
Present
Future



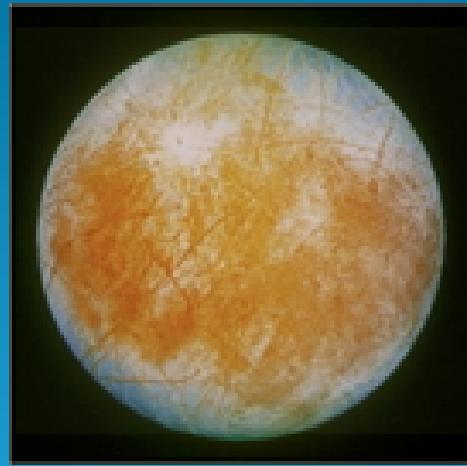
WHERE DO WE SEARCH FOR LIFE IN THE SOLAR SYSTEM?

The essential ingredients for life

- Water
- Organics
- Energy



Mars



Europa



Titan

The approach is to look for environments where these ingredients come together

WHY MARS?

- **Most “Earthlike” of the planets**
- **Life “ingredients” present**
- **Easier to get to**

SPACECRAFT TO MARS

Scoreboard

Visitors - 13, Mars Home Team - 20

Launch
1960
1962

1964
1965
1969
1971

1973
1975
1988
1992
1996
1998
1999
2001

Successes

Mariner 4
Mariner 6
Mariner 7
Mariner 9

Mars 5*
Mars 6*
Viking 1
Viking 2

Phobos 1*
Mars Global Surveyor
Mars Pathfinder
Nozomi
Odyssey

Failures
*unnamed**
*unnamed**
Mars 1*
*unnamed**
Mariner 3
Zond 2*
Zond 3*
*unnamed**
*unnamed**
Mariner 8
Kosmos 419*
Mars 2*
Mars 3*
Mars 4*
Mars 7*

Phobos 2*
Mars Observer
Mars '96*

Mars Climate Orbiter
Mars Polar Lander

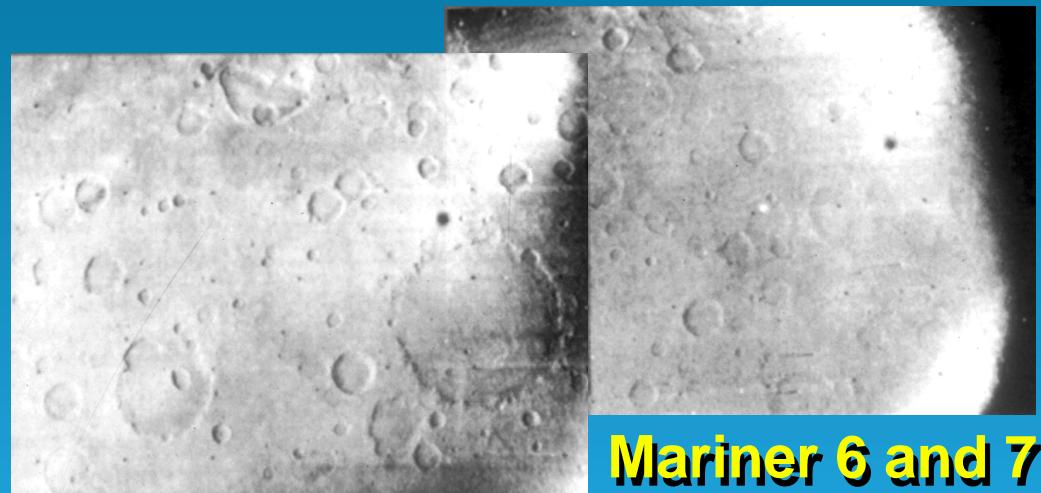
MESSAGE!

**SPACE ENDEAVOURS ARE INHERENTLY
RISKY, HIGHLY VISIBLE, AND
PERCIEVED AS HIGH COST:
THEY BETTER WORK!**

EARLY EXPLORATION OF MARS



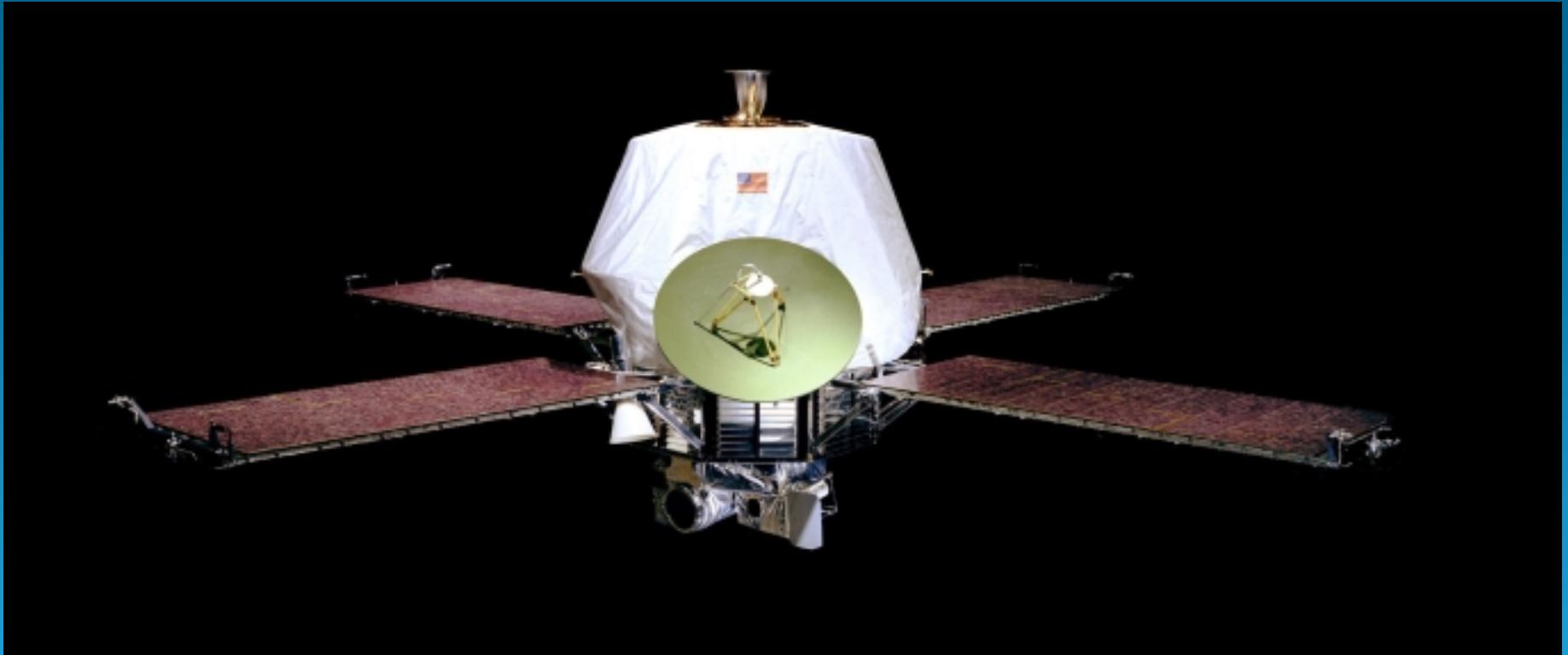
Mariner 4



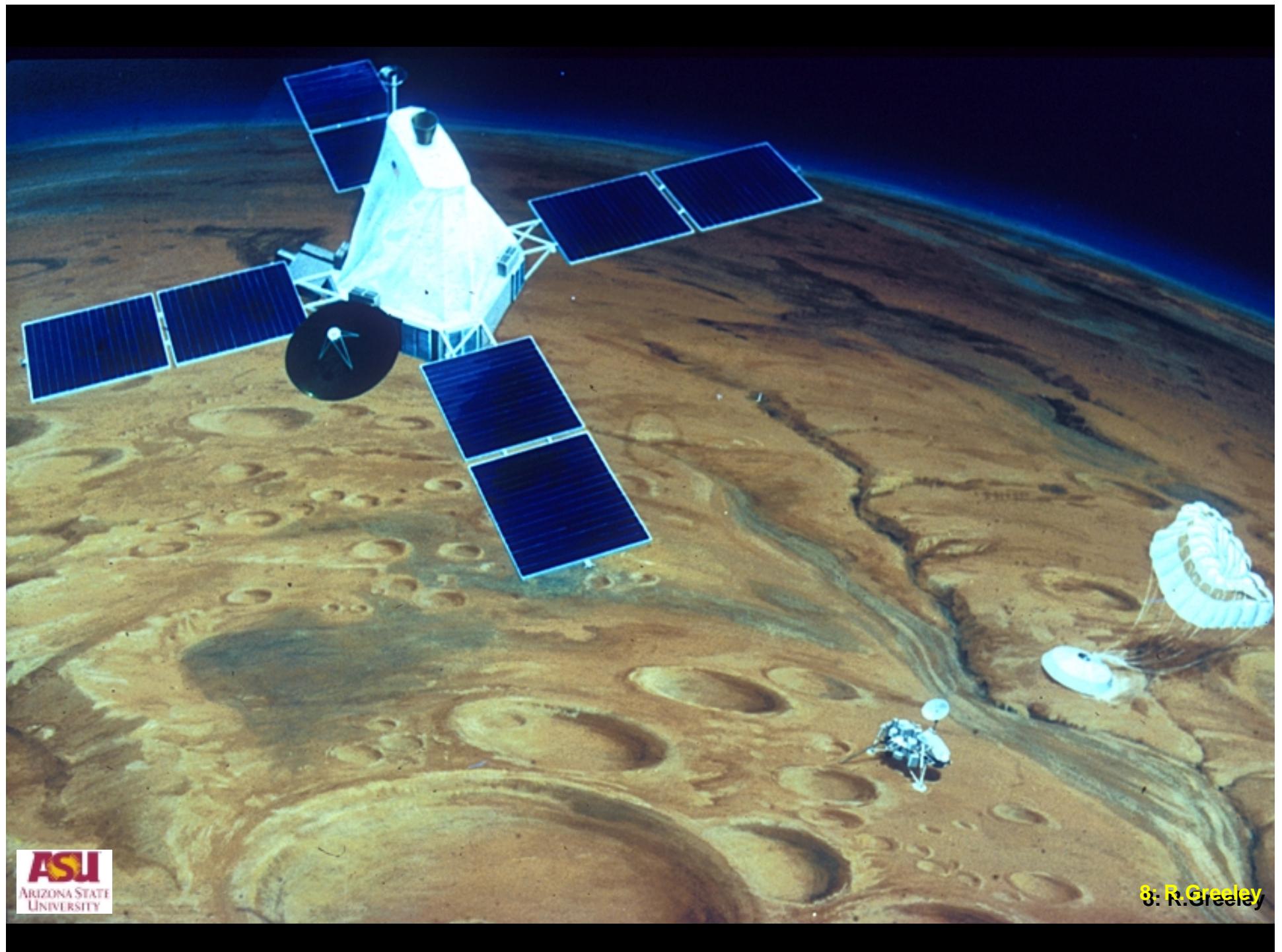
Mariner 6 and 7

....like Earth's Moon ! ?

MARINER 9 (1971)



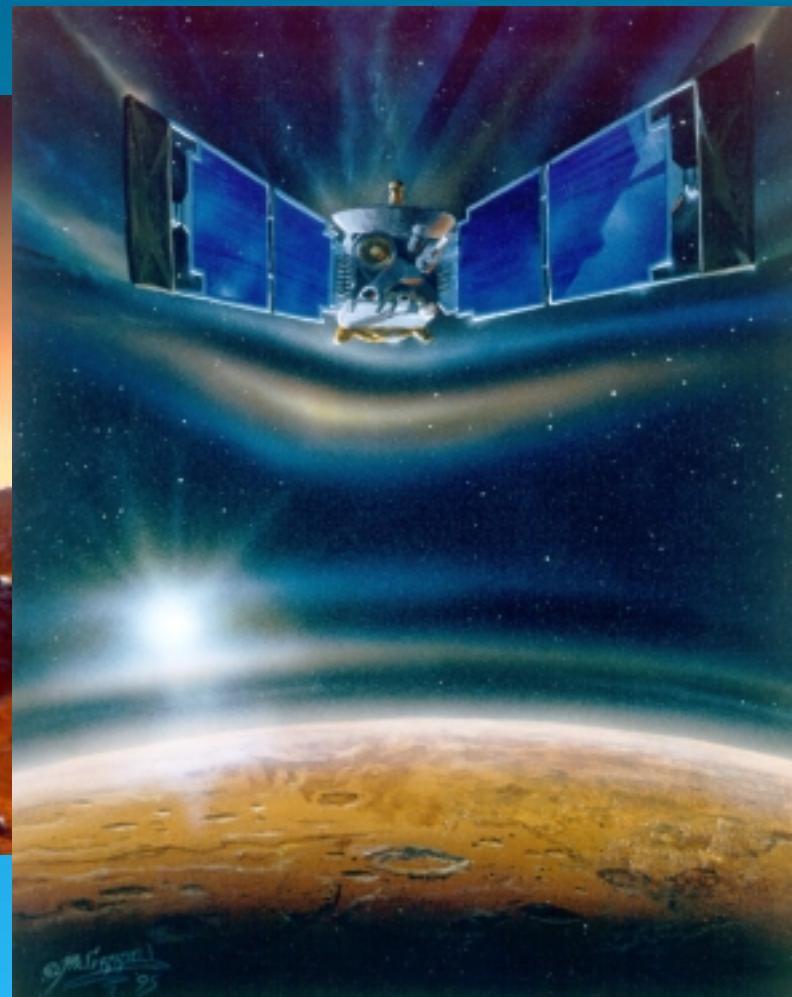
- First successful orbiter
- Revealed geological complexity of Mars
 - Volcanoes
 - Sand dunes
 - Landslides
 - Ancient river beds

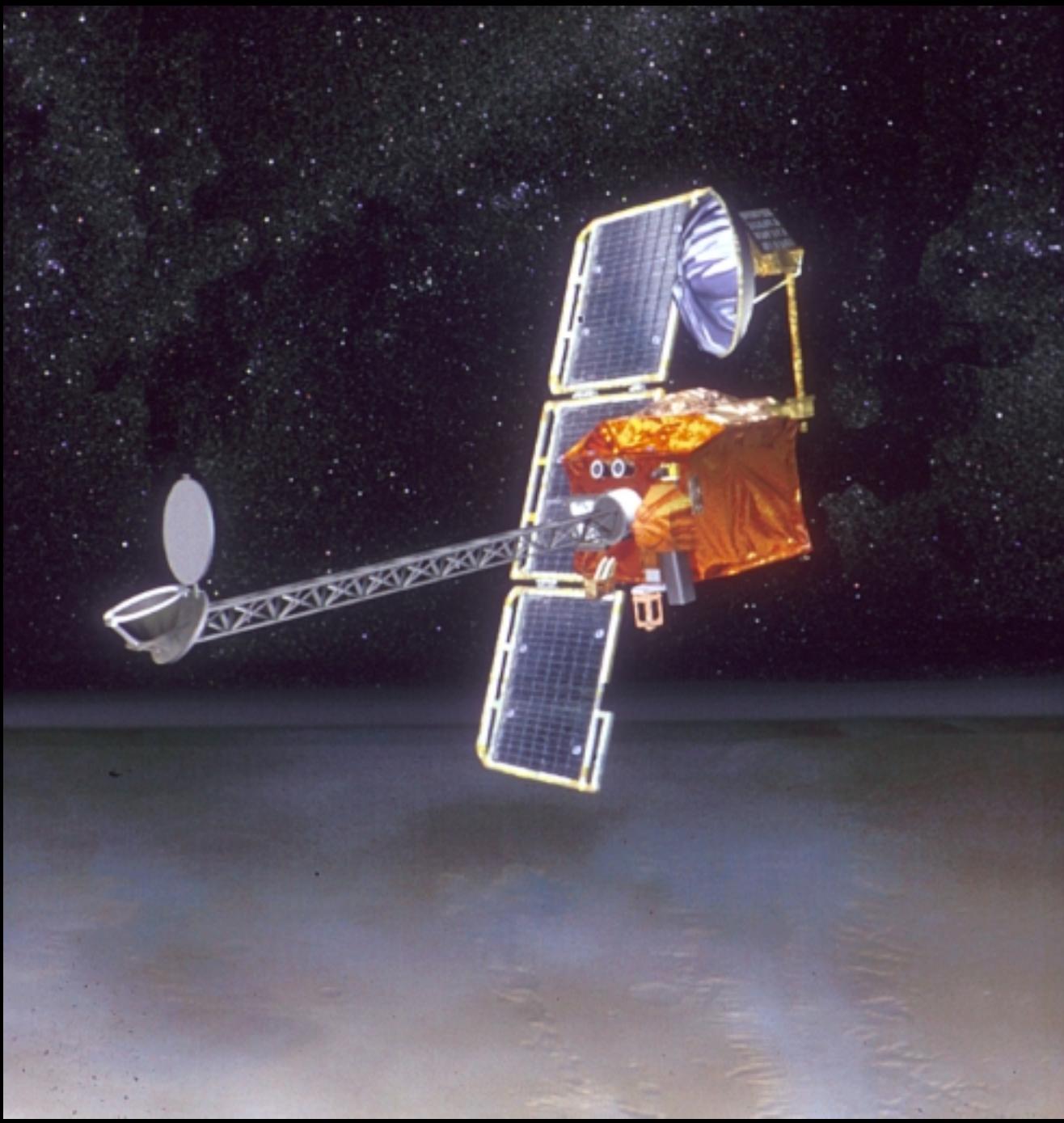


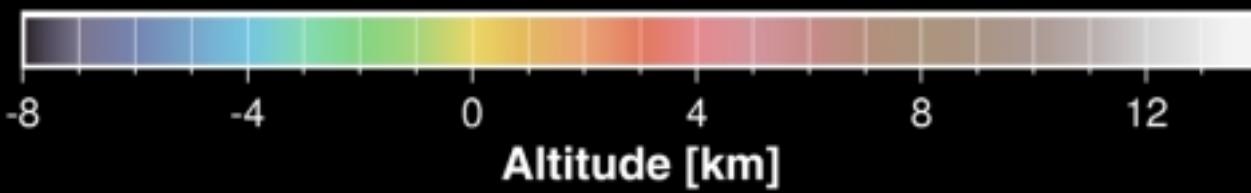
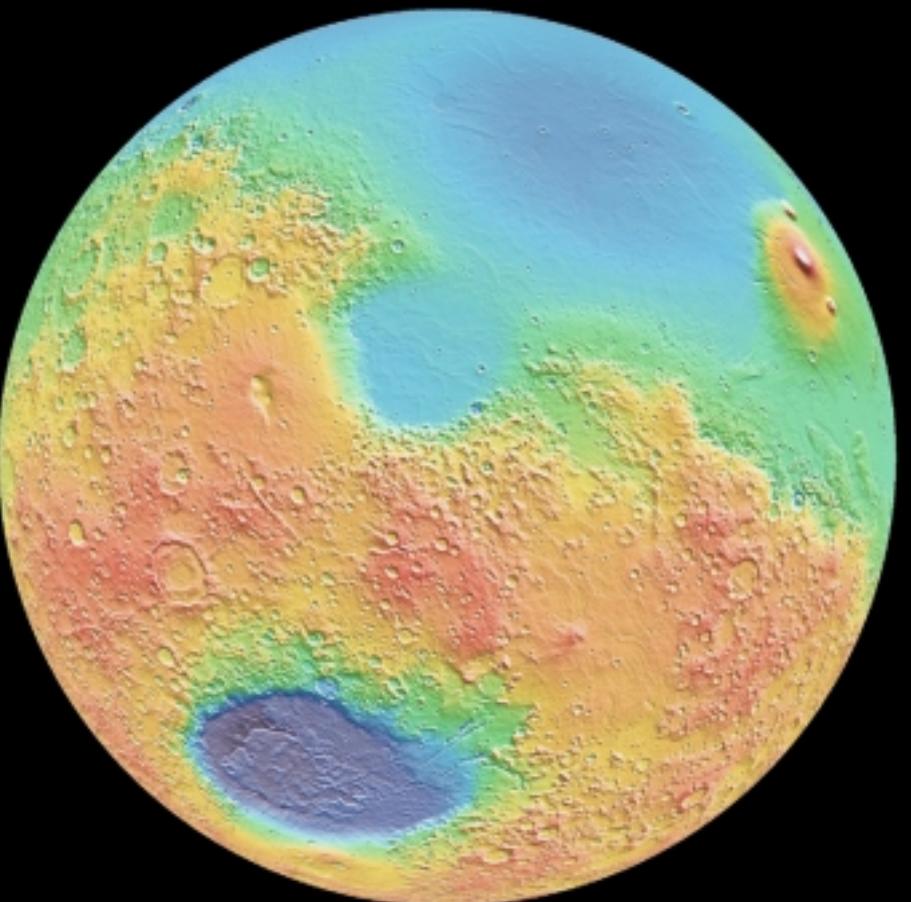
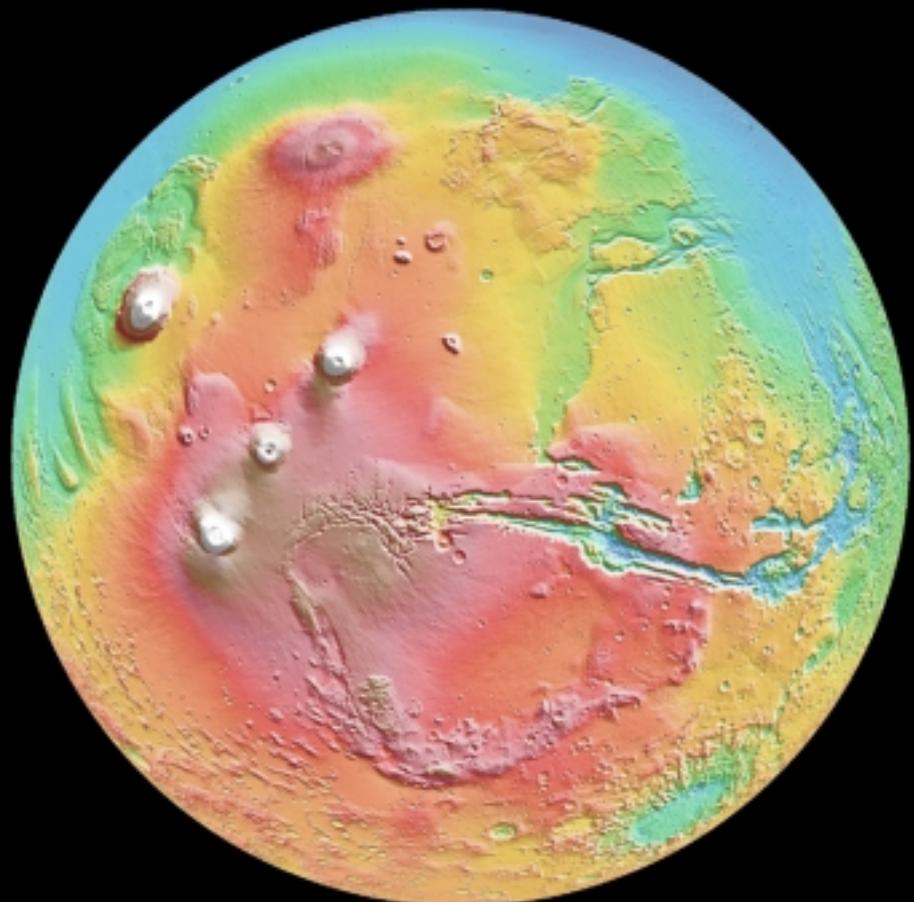
MESSAGE FROM VIKING EXOBIOLOGY

**Do not design experiments that
potentially lead to dead ends!**

MARS PATHFINDER AND GLOBAL SURVEYOR (1996-)

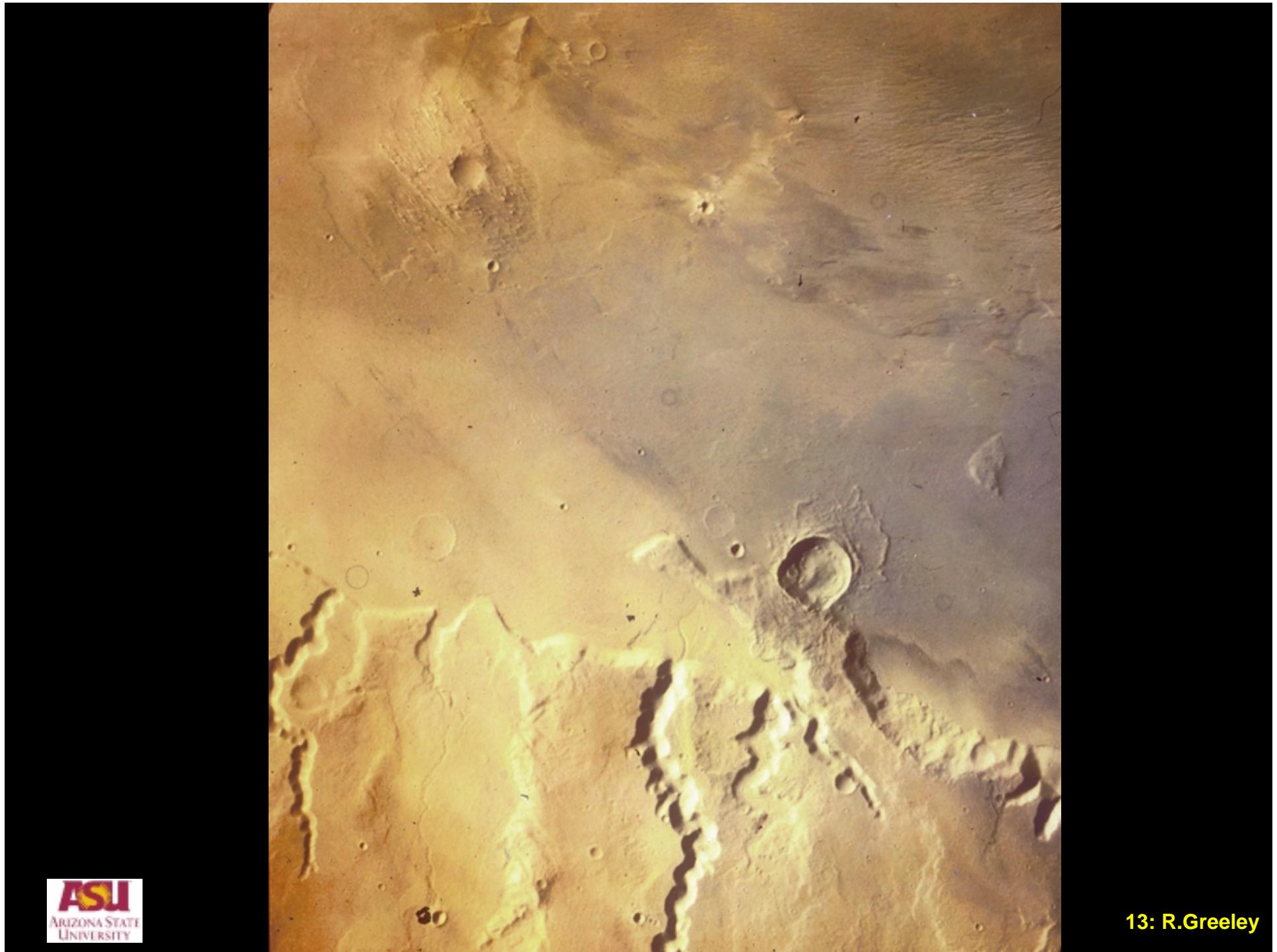


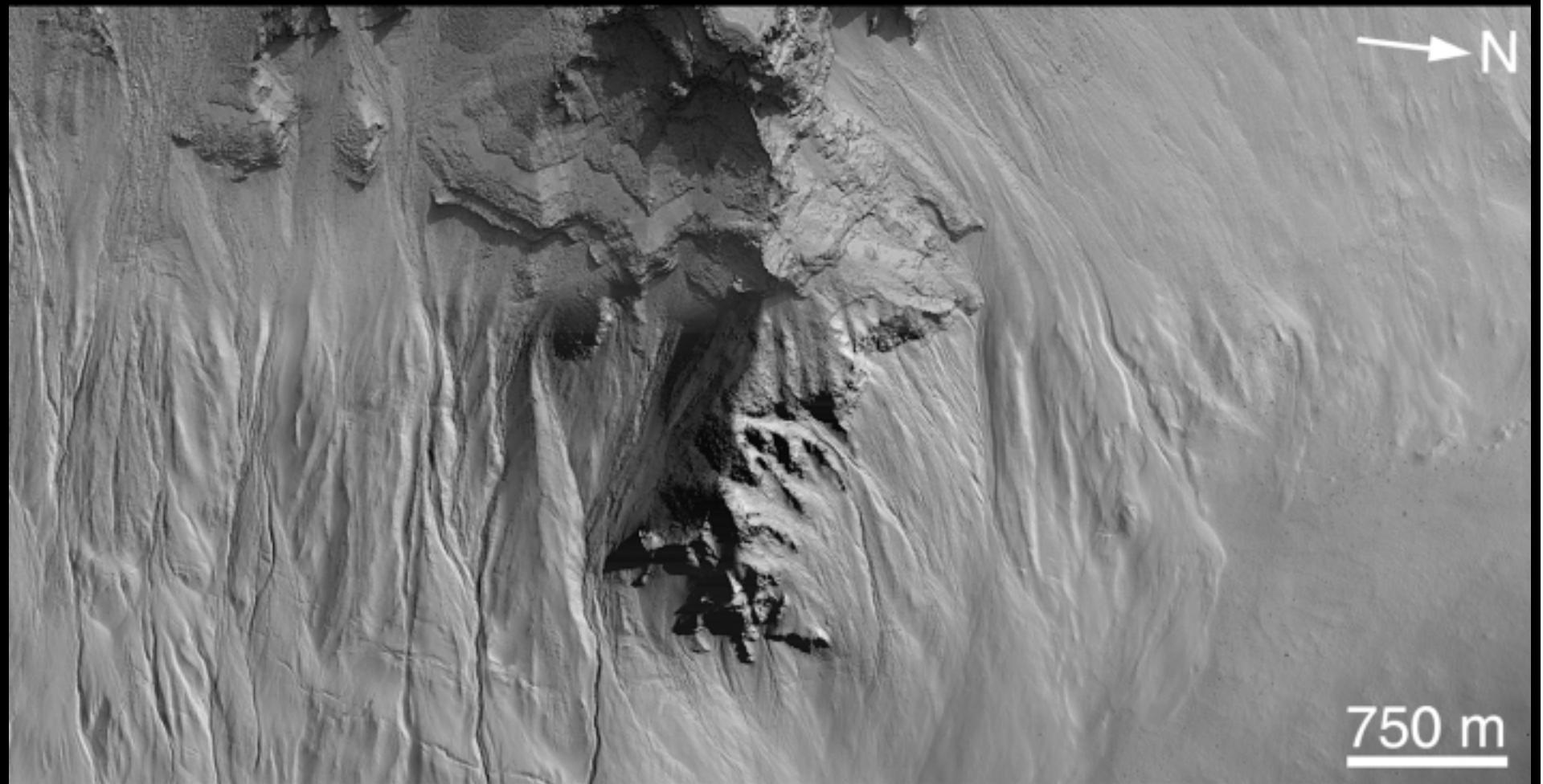




Mars Global Surveyor (MOLA) NASA Planetary Photojournal PIA02820 ASU-IPF-1590

12: R.Greeley

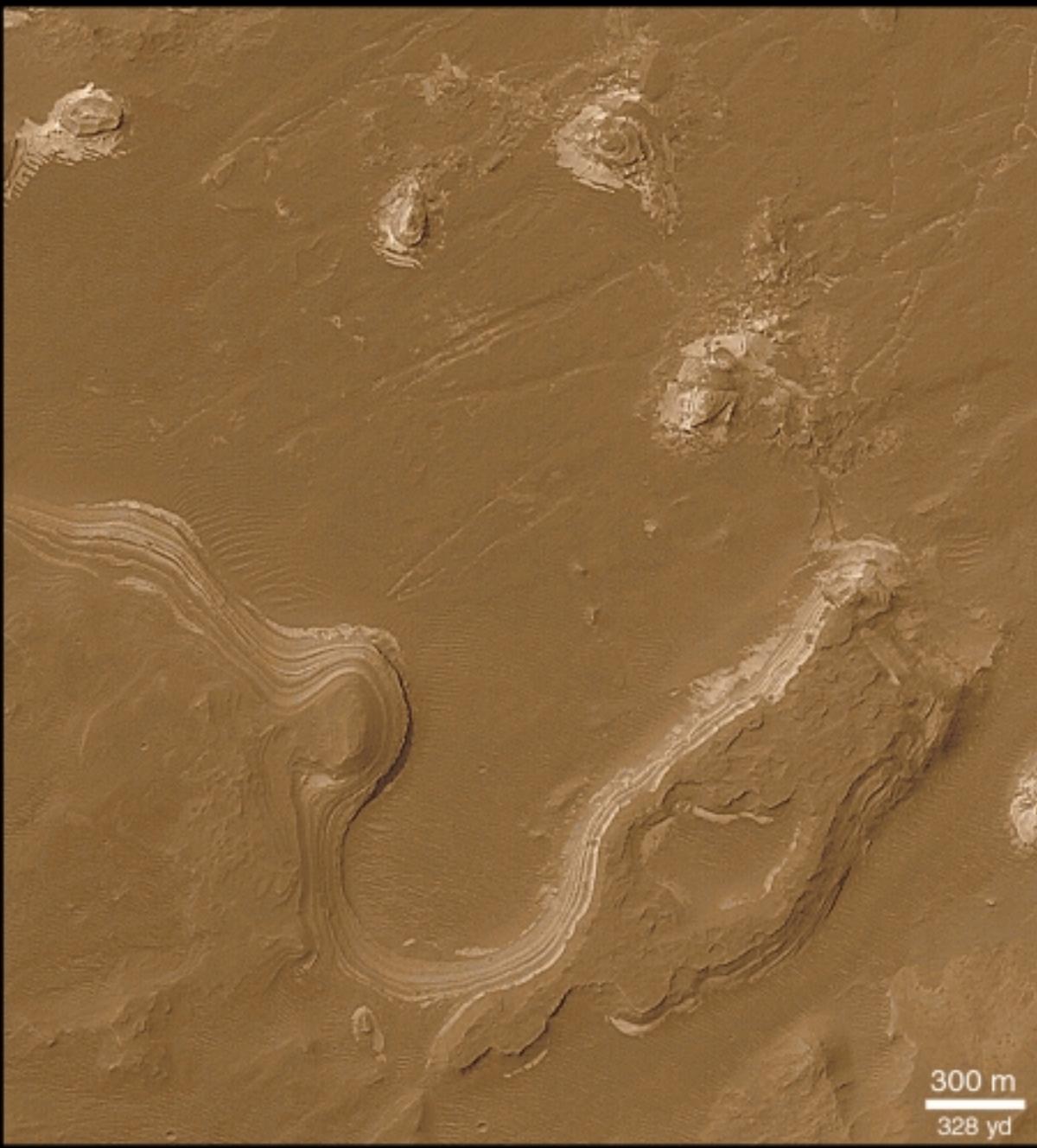




Mars Global Surveyor (MOC) NASA Planetary Photojournal PIA03205 ASU-IPF-1591



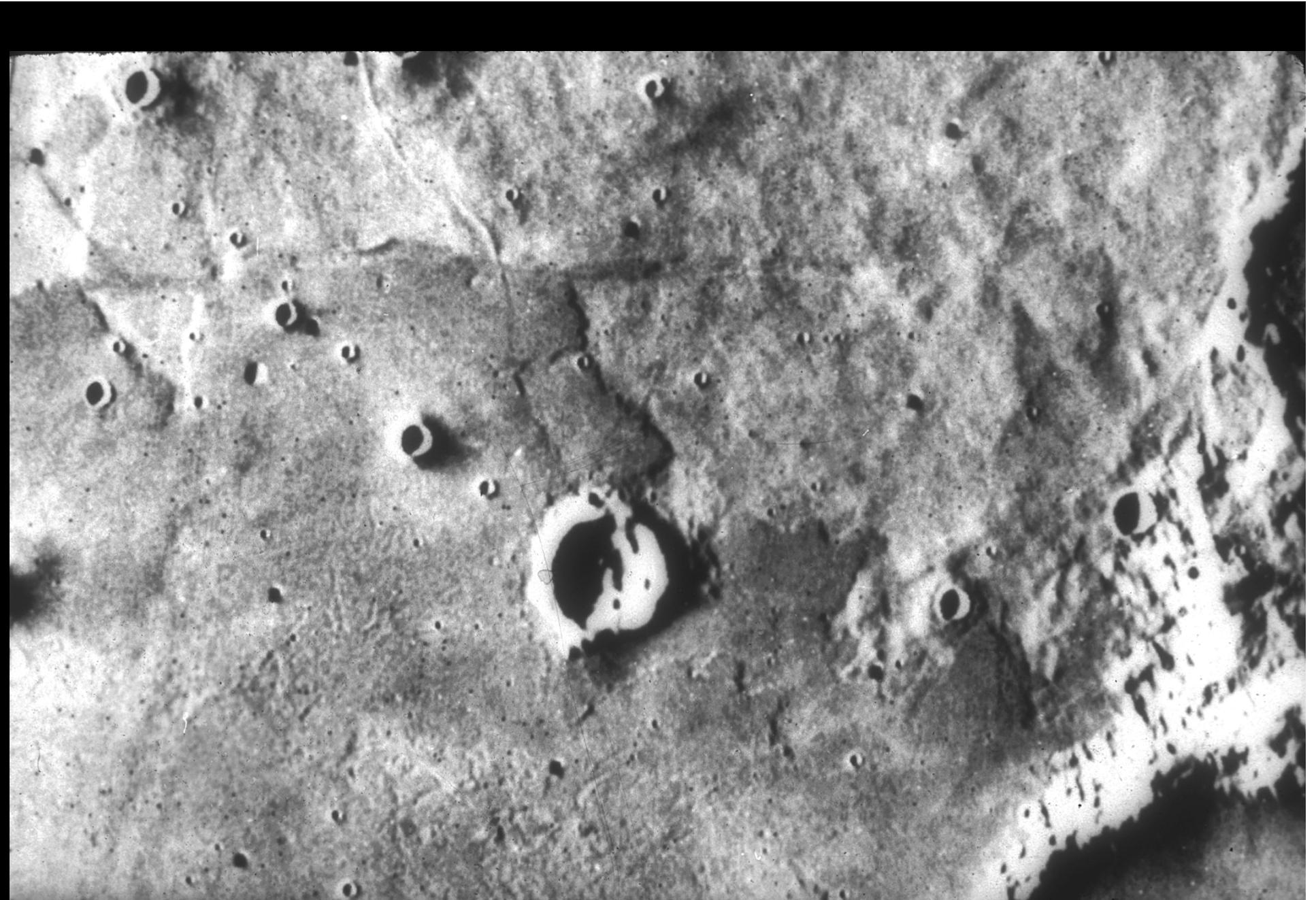
14: R.Greeley

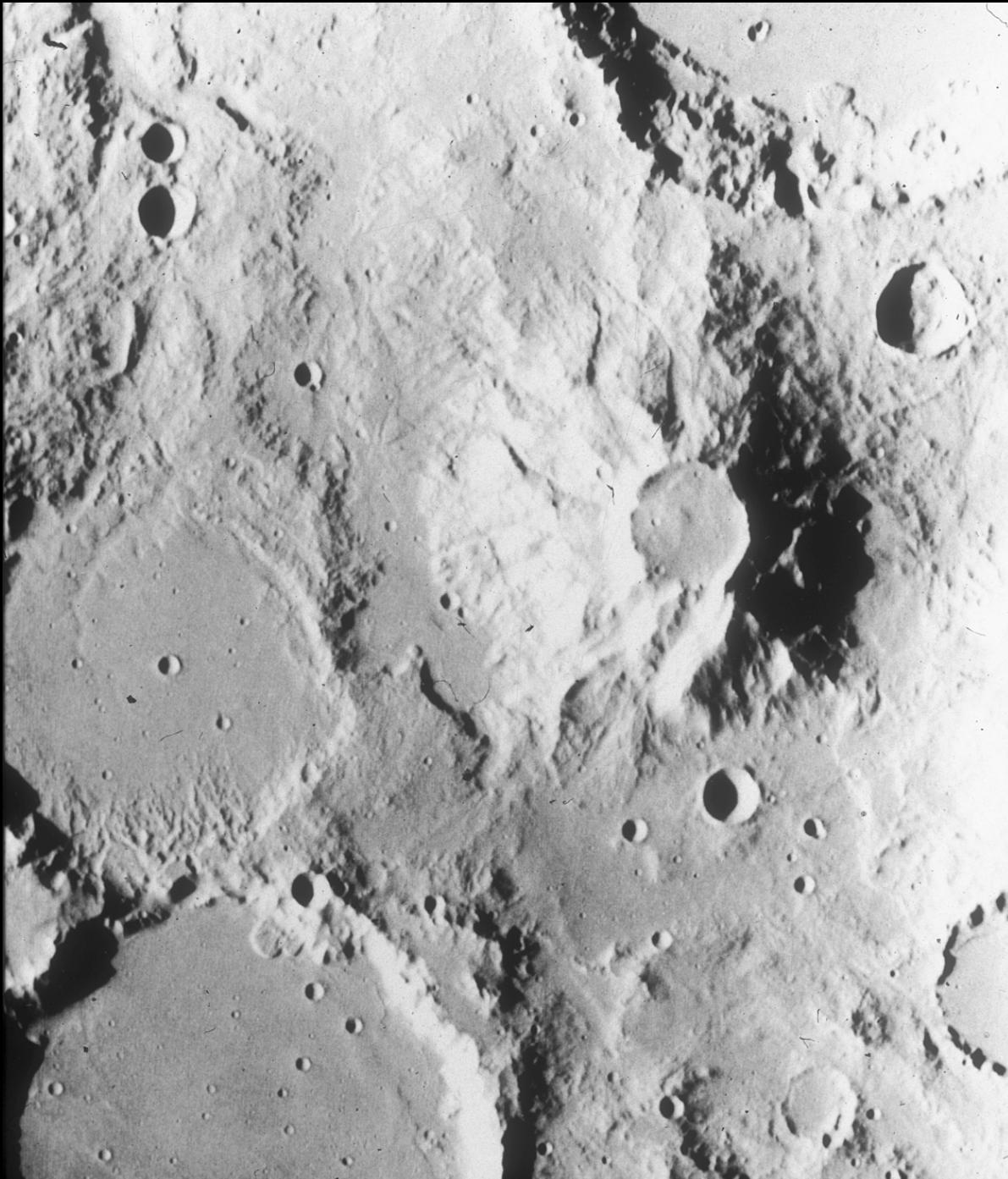


Mars Global Surveyor (MOC) NASA Planetary Photojournal PIA02846 ASU-IPF-1616

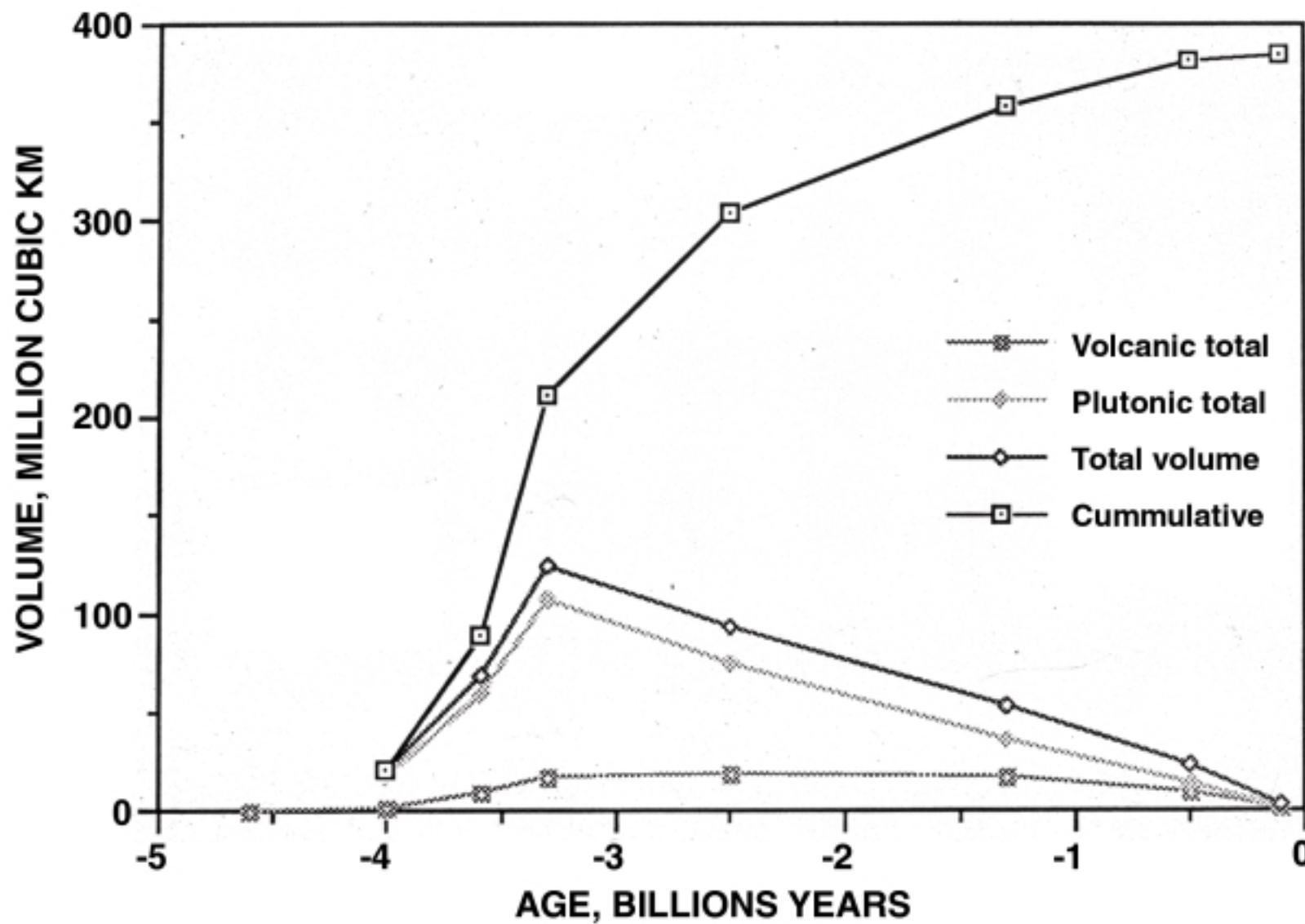
15: R.Greeley

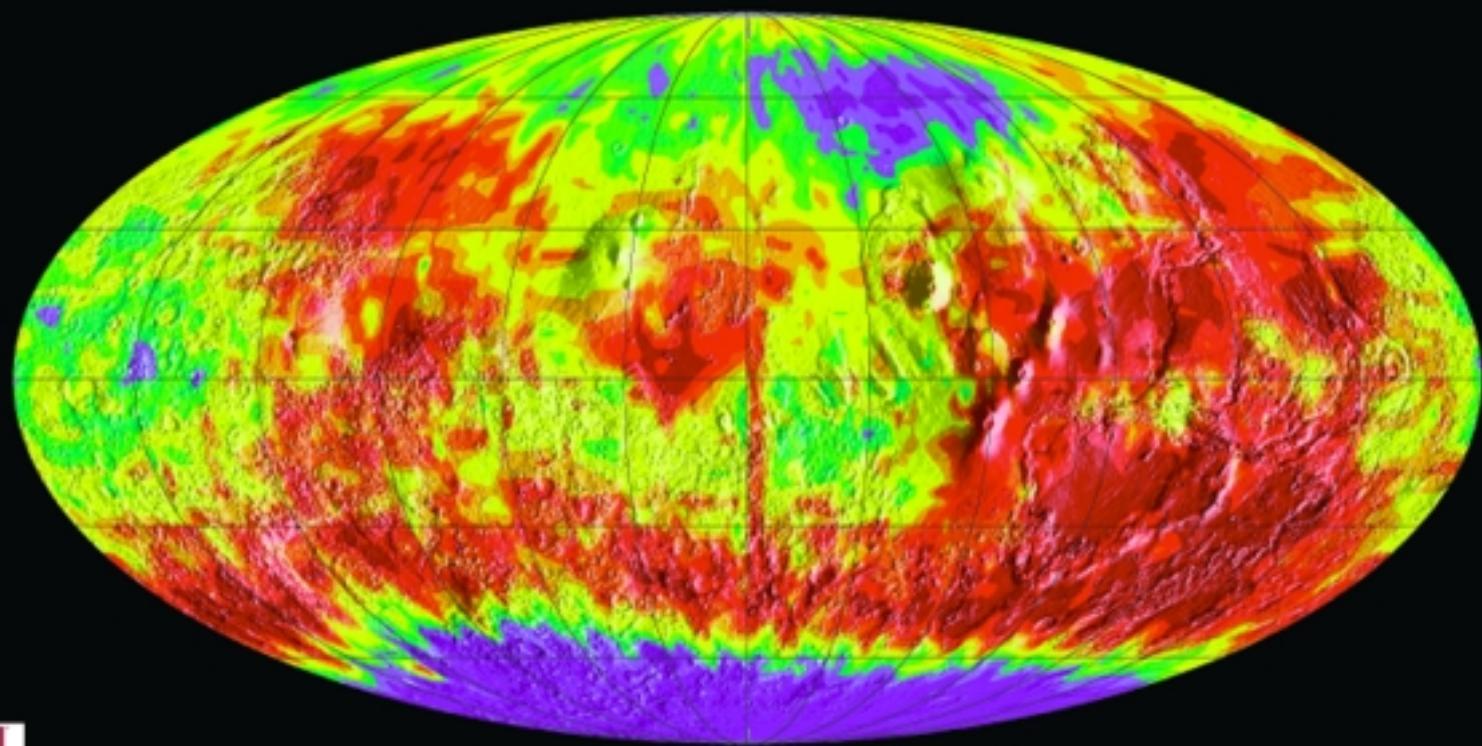
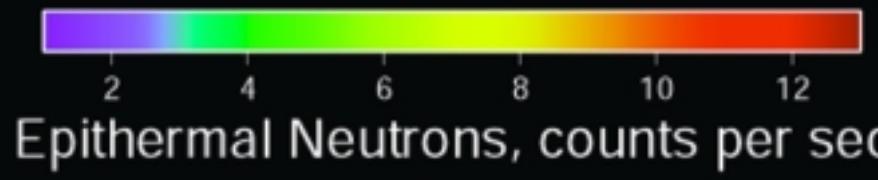






MARS MAGMA GENERATION





GMT 2002 Feb 28 14:12:22

20: R.Greeley



Mars Global Surveyor (MOC)

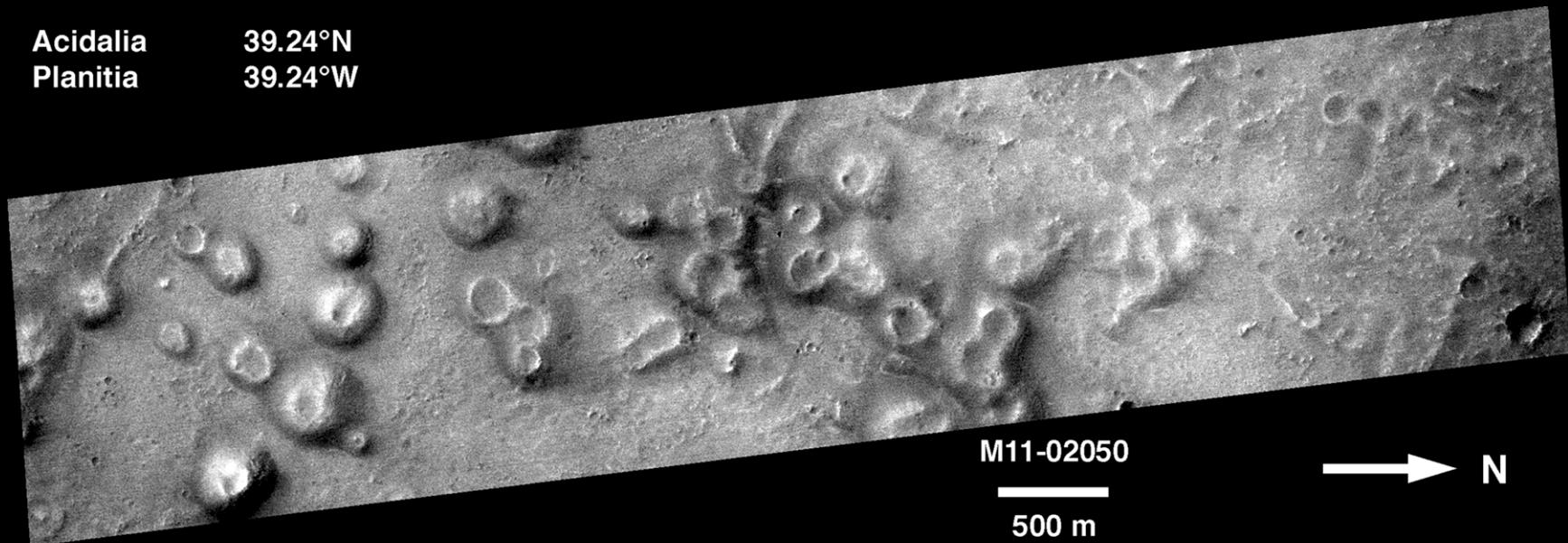
ASU-IPF-1238

NASA Planetary Photojournal PIA02006

21: R.Greeley

Acidalia
Planitia

39.24°N
39.24°W

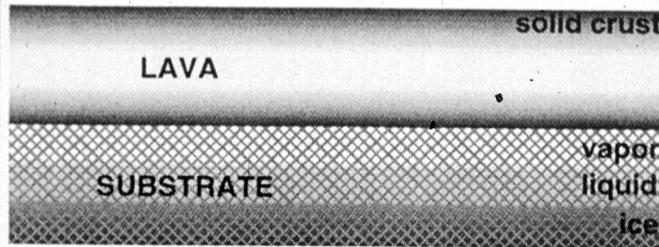


500 m

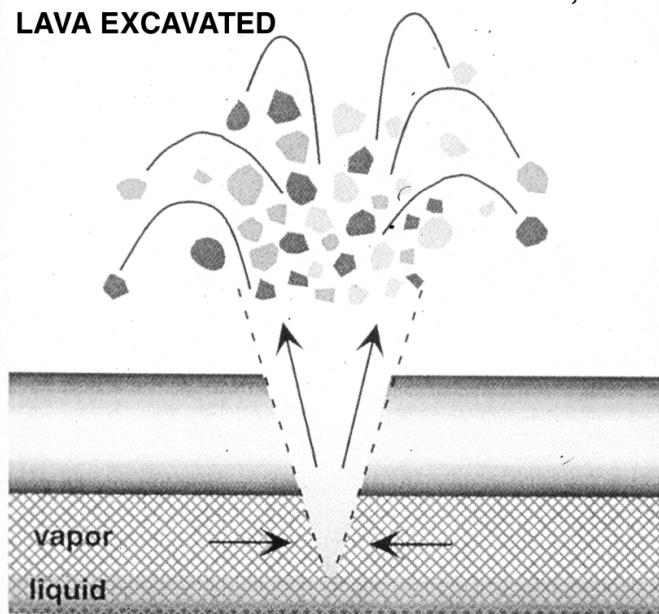
→ N



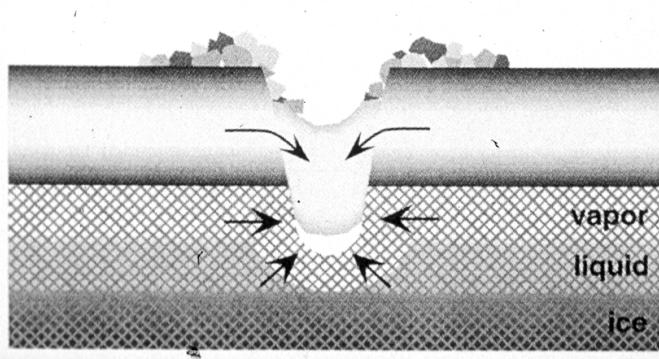
1. LAVA HEATS SUBSTRATE, VAPORIZES WATER

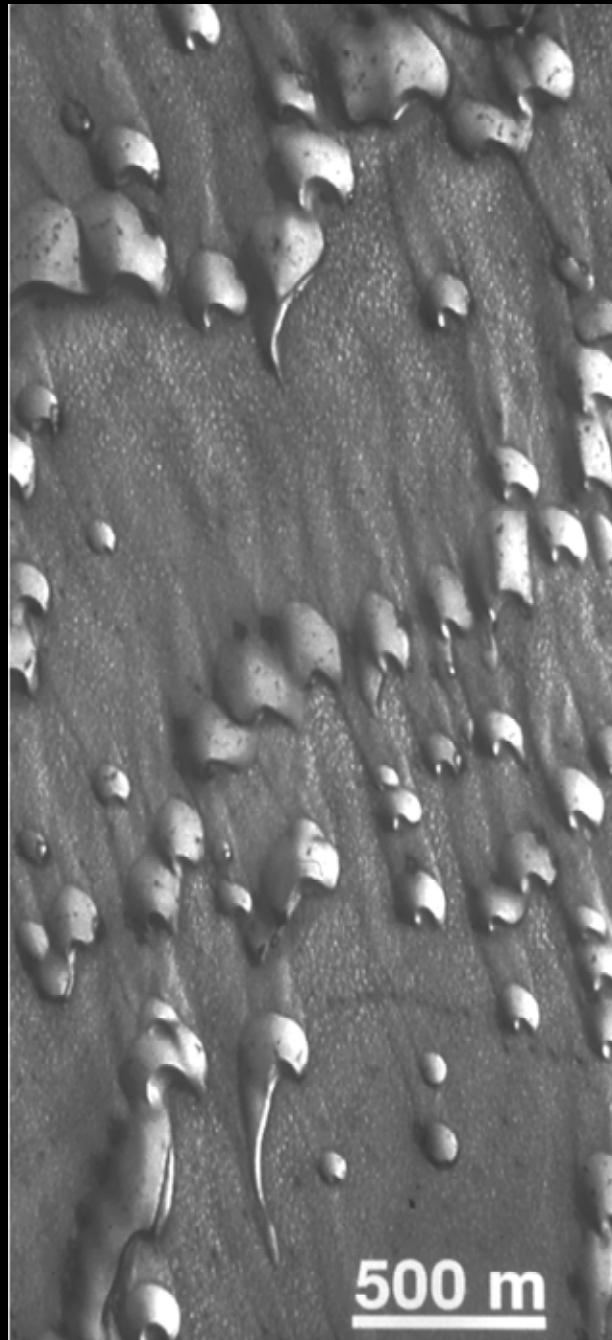


**2. THRESHOLD PRESSURE EXCEEDED,
LAVA EXCAVATED**

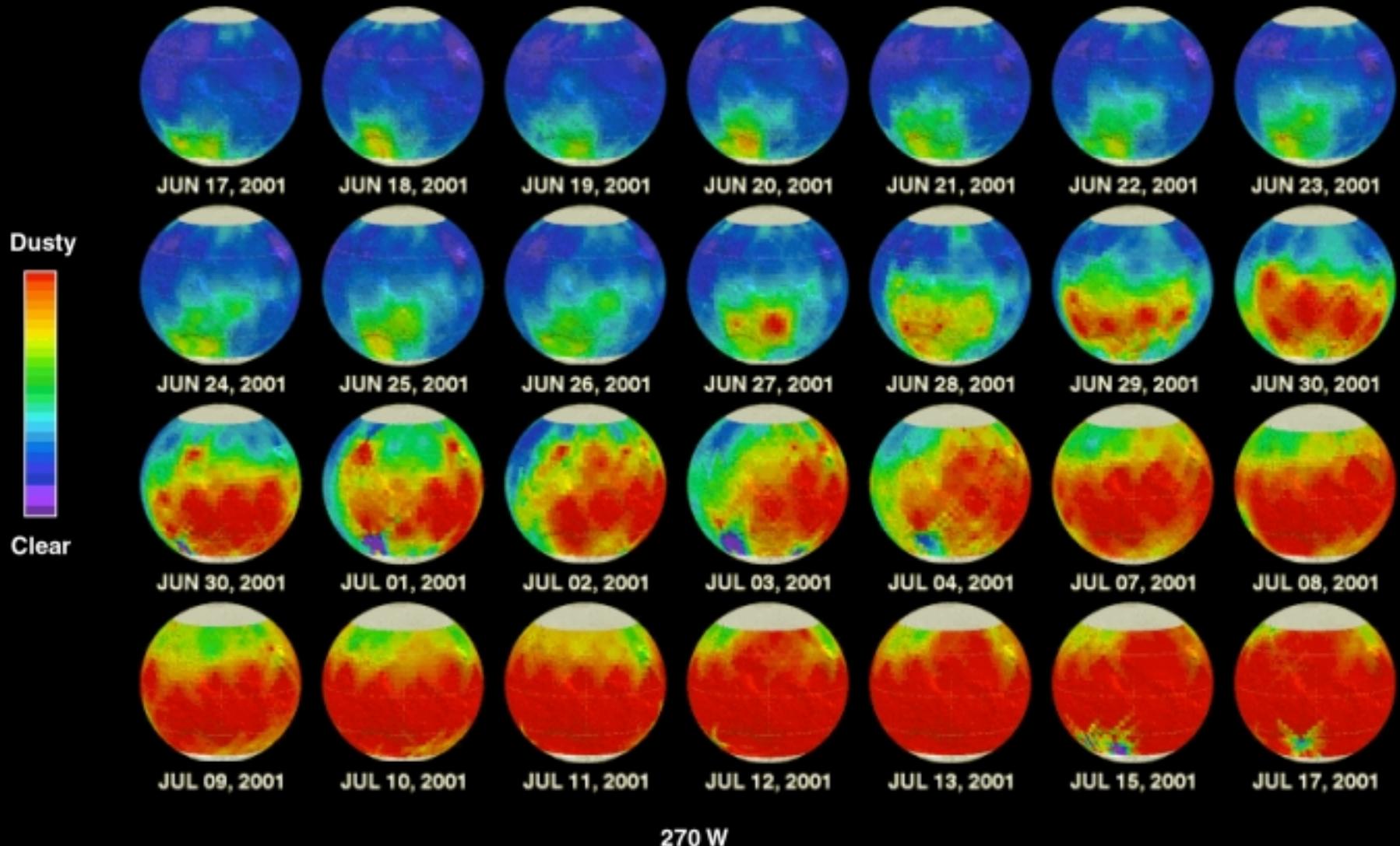


3. LAVA INFLOW, ADDITIONAL VAPORIZATION





Martian Dust Storm Activity

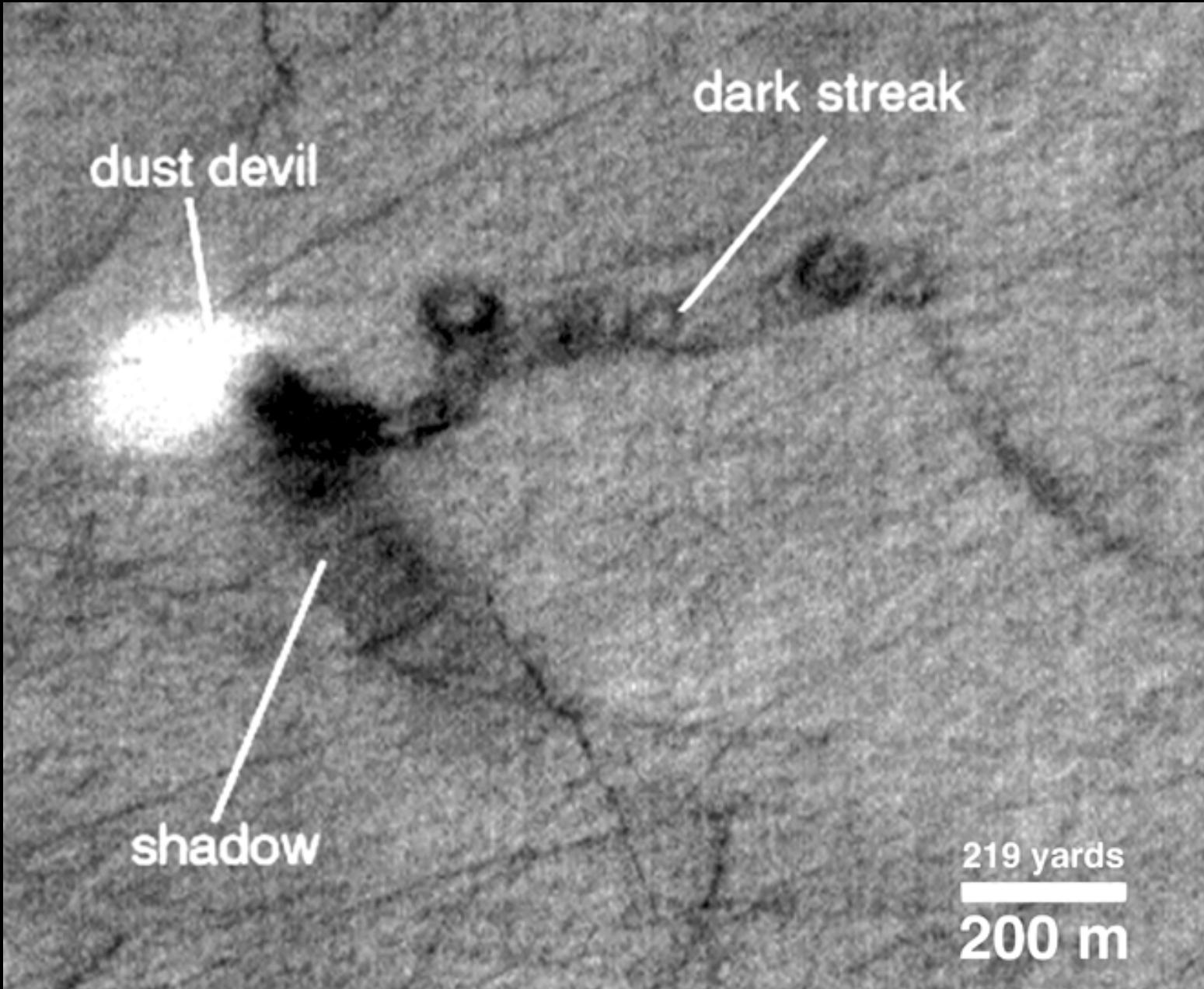


270 W

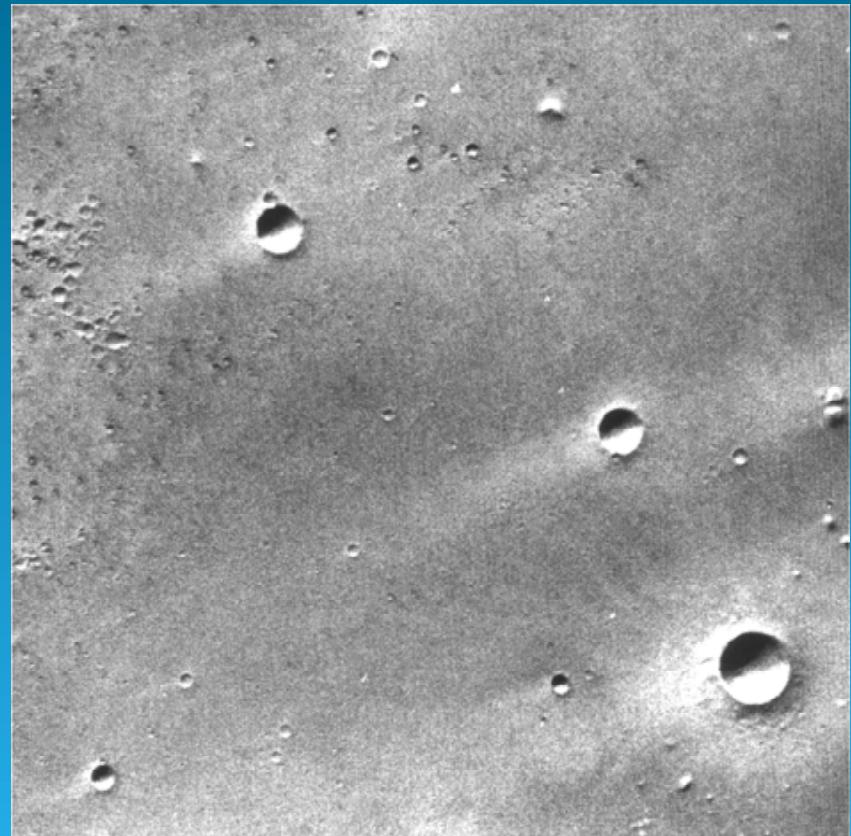
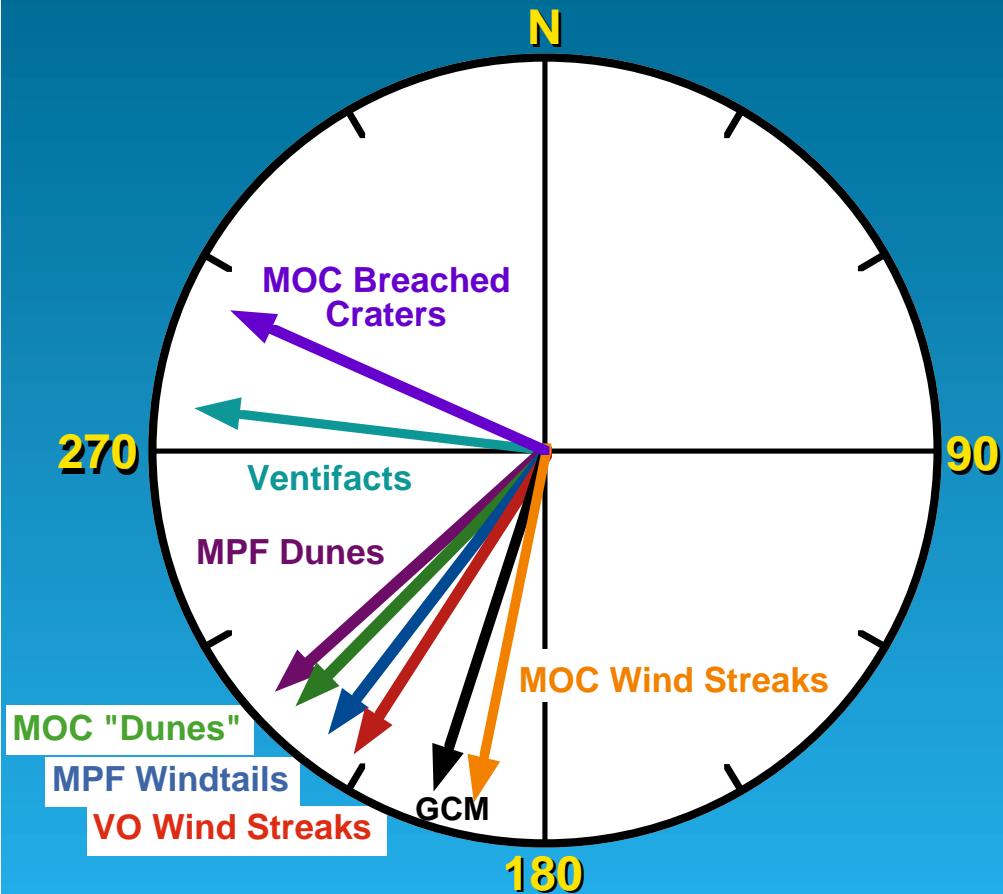
Mars Global Surveyor - Thermal Emission Spectrometer NASA TES Team - Dust Frame ASU-IPF-1662



25: R.Greeley



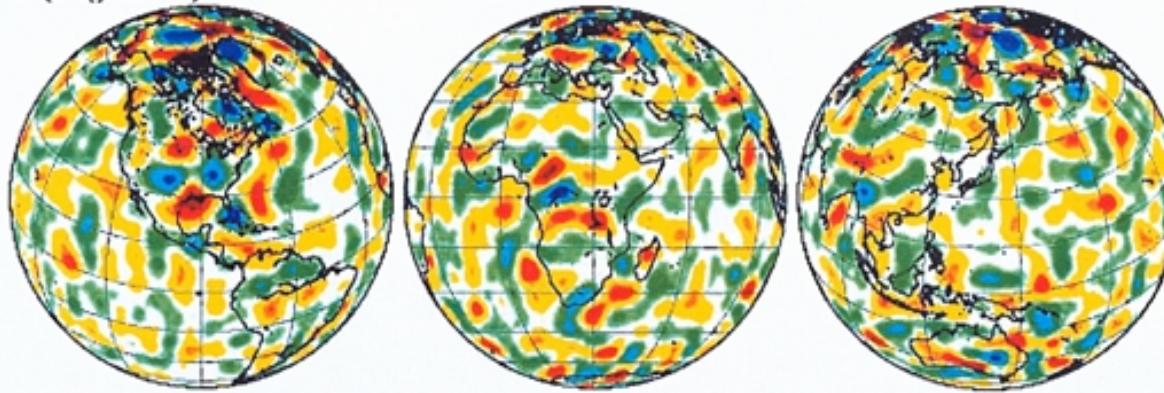
PATHFINDER AND ORBITER DATA



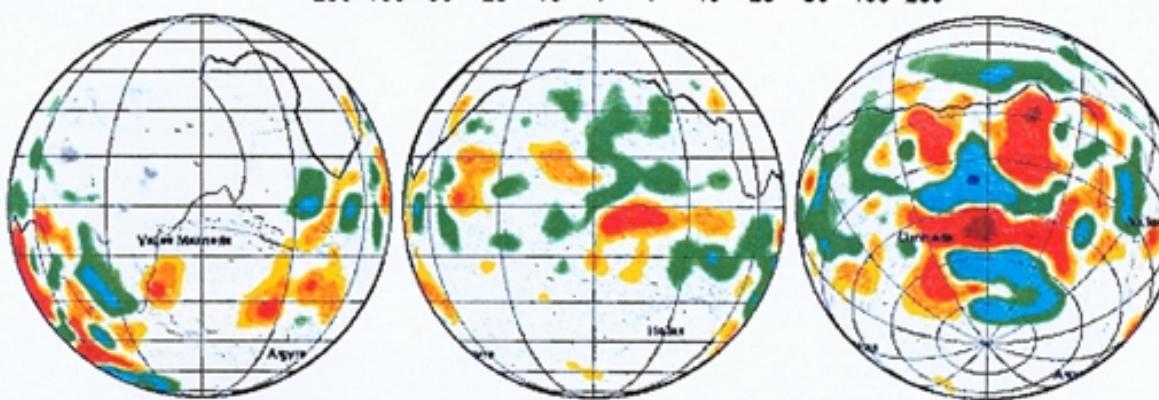
New Magnetic Map of Earth vs. Mars



Earth (Deg. 15-40)



Mars (All Degrees)



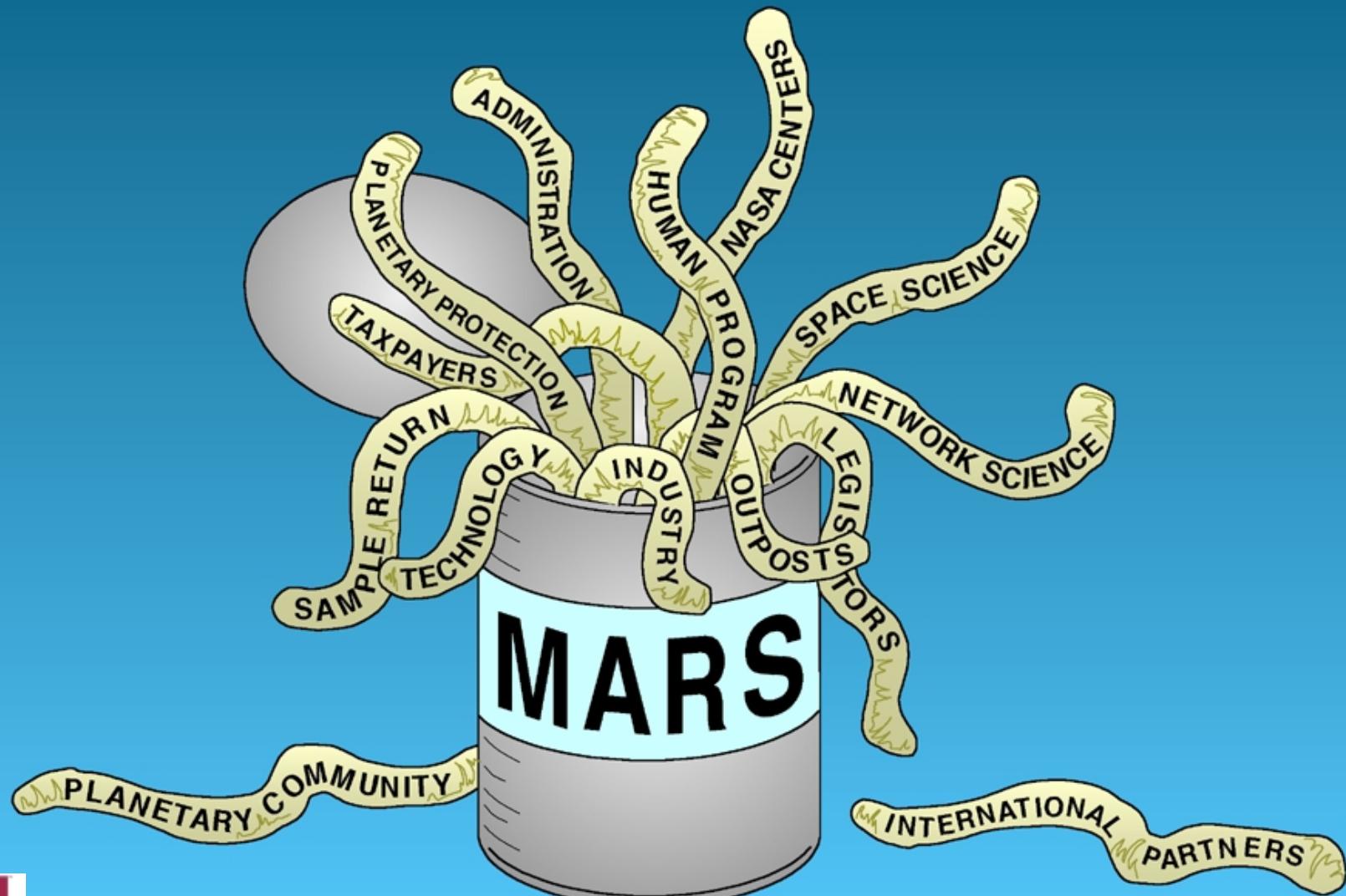
Crust of Mars is enriched in ferromagnetic materials in certain places (relative to Earth).

MESSAGE!

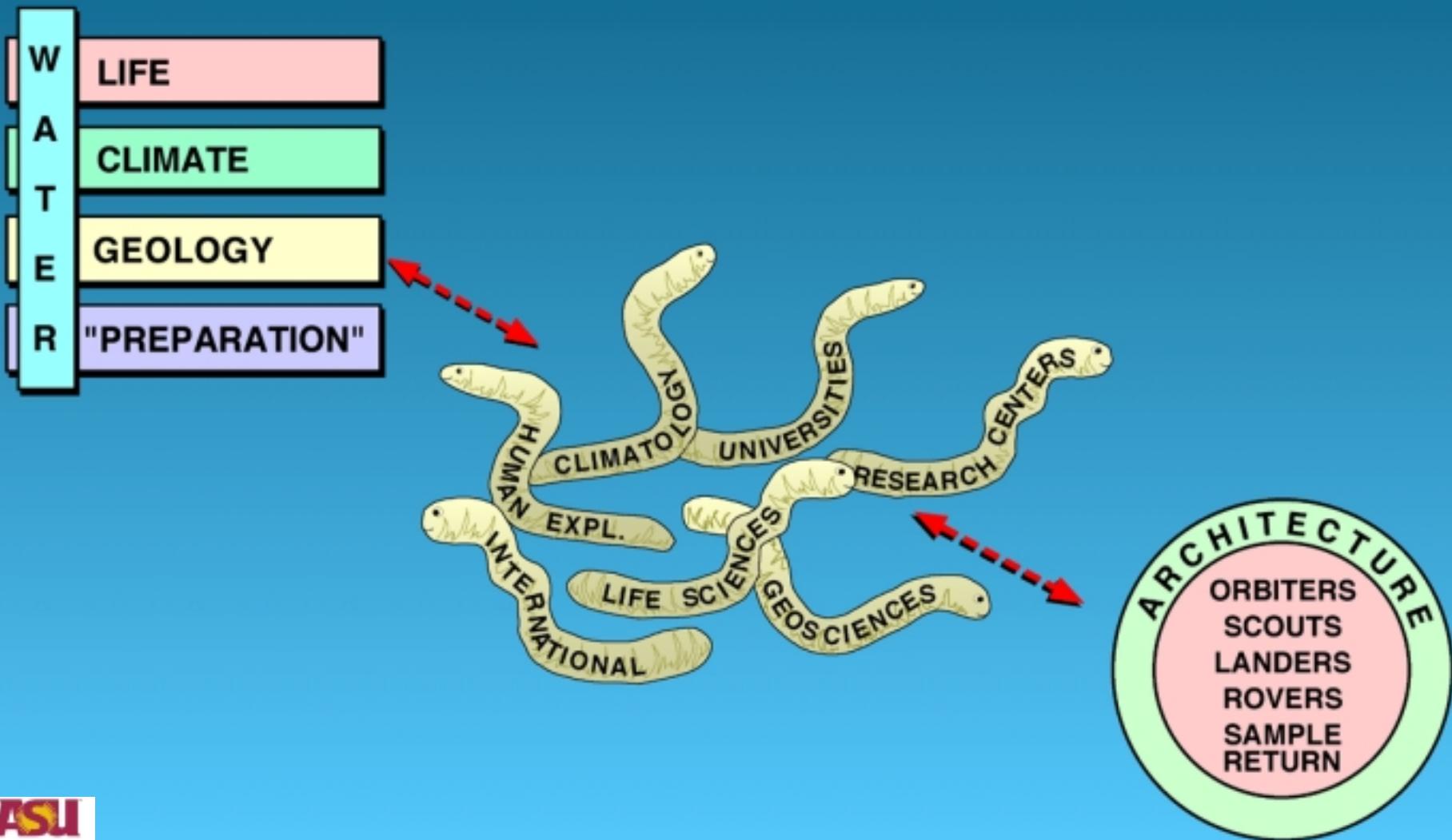
“NEW” INCREASES THE POTENTIAL FOR DISCOVERIES

- NEW AREAS NEVER SEEN (IN SPACE OR IN RESOLUTION)
- NEW INSTRUMENTS; NEW TYPES OF DATA
- SAMPLES FOR STUDY IN EARTH LABORATORIES

MARS EXPLORATION PROGRAM ANALYSIS GROUP



WE NEED TO PROVIDE THE CONNECTIVITY



MARS EXPLORATION PROGRAM

Goal: Determine if life ever arose on Mars

Objective A: Determine if life exists today

Objective B: Determine if life existed on Mars in the past

Objective C: Assess the extent of prebiotic organic chemical evolution on Mars

Goal: Determine climate on Mars

Objective A: Characterize Mars' present climate and climate processes

Objective B: Characterize Mars' ancient climate and climate processes

Goal: Determine the evolution of the surface and interior of Mars ("geology")

Objective A: Determine the nature and sequence of the various geologic processes (volcanism, impact, sedimentation, alteration etc.) that have resulted in formation of the Martian crust and surface

Objective B: Characterize the structure, dynamics, and history of Mars' interior

Goal: Prepare for human exploration

Objective A: Acquire Martian environmental data sets

Objective B: Conduct in-situ engineering-science demonstrations

Objective C: Emplace infrastructure for future missions

MEPAG “WHITE PAPER” HIERARCHY

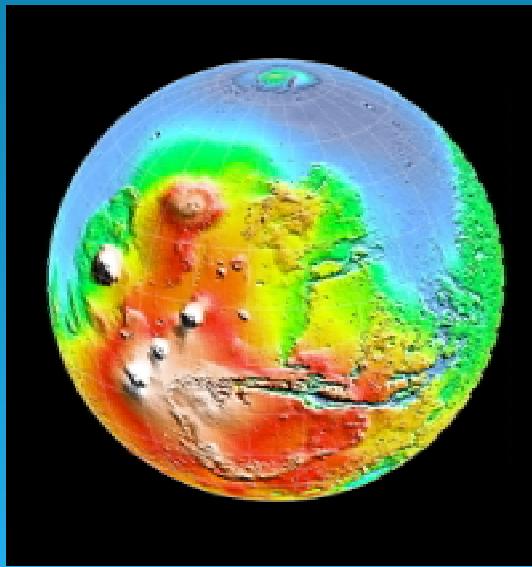
<http://mmolib.jpl.nasa.gov/mepag.html>

I. Broad programmatic goals

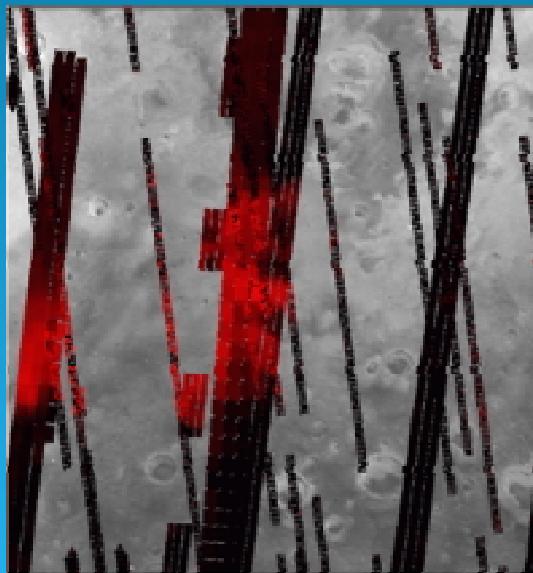
A. Series of objectives to meet each goal

1. Investigations needed for each objective

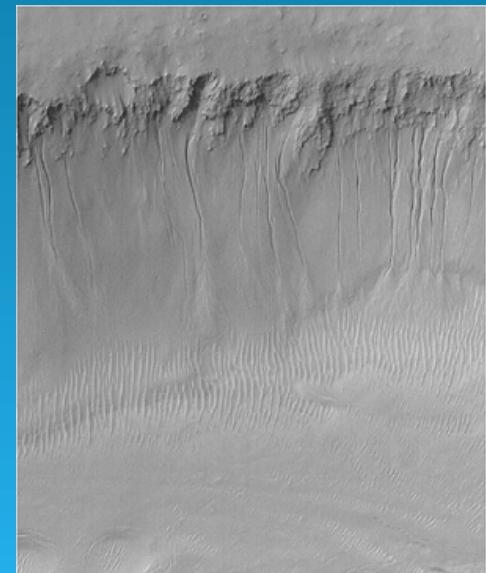
a) Specific measurements to carry out investigations



Topography

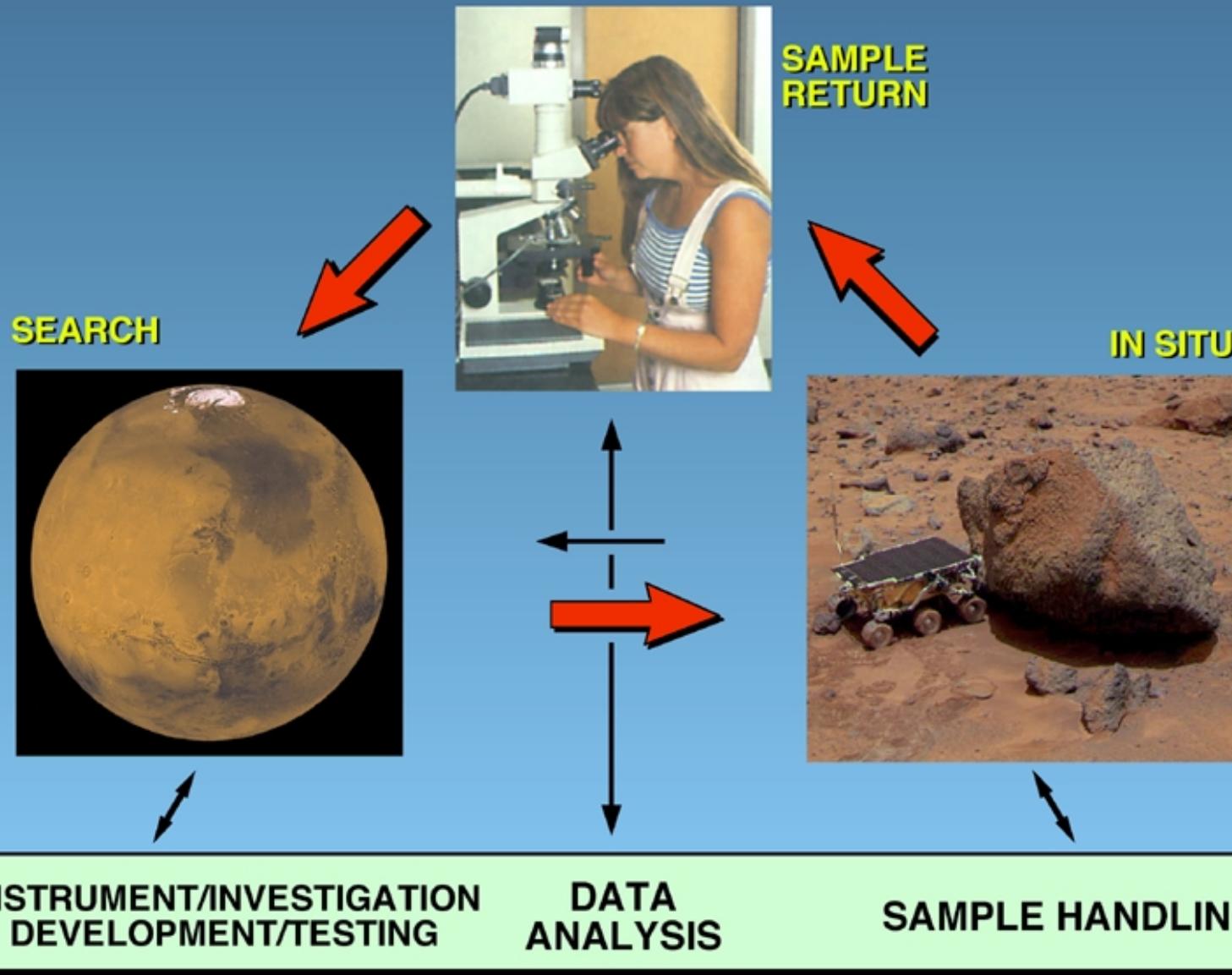


Mineralogy

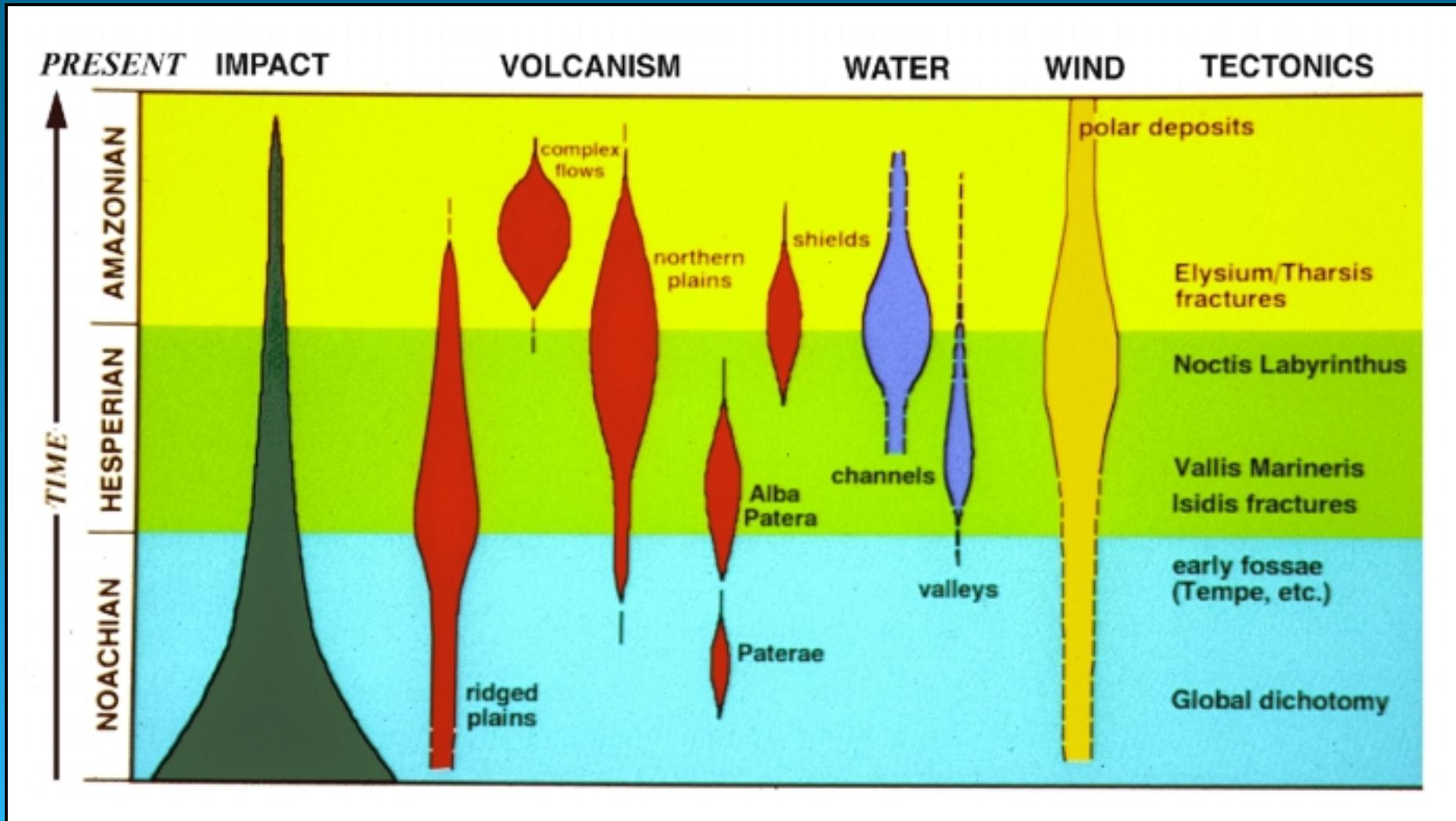


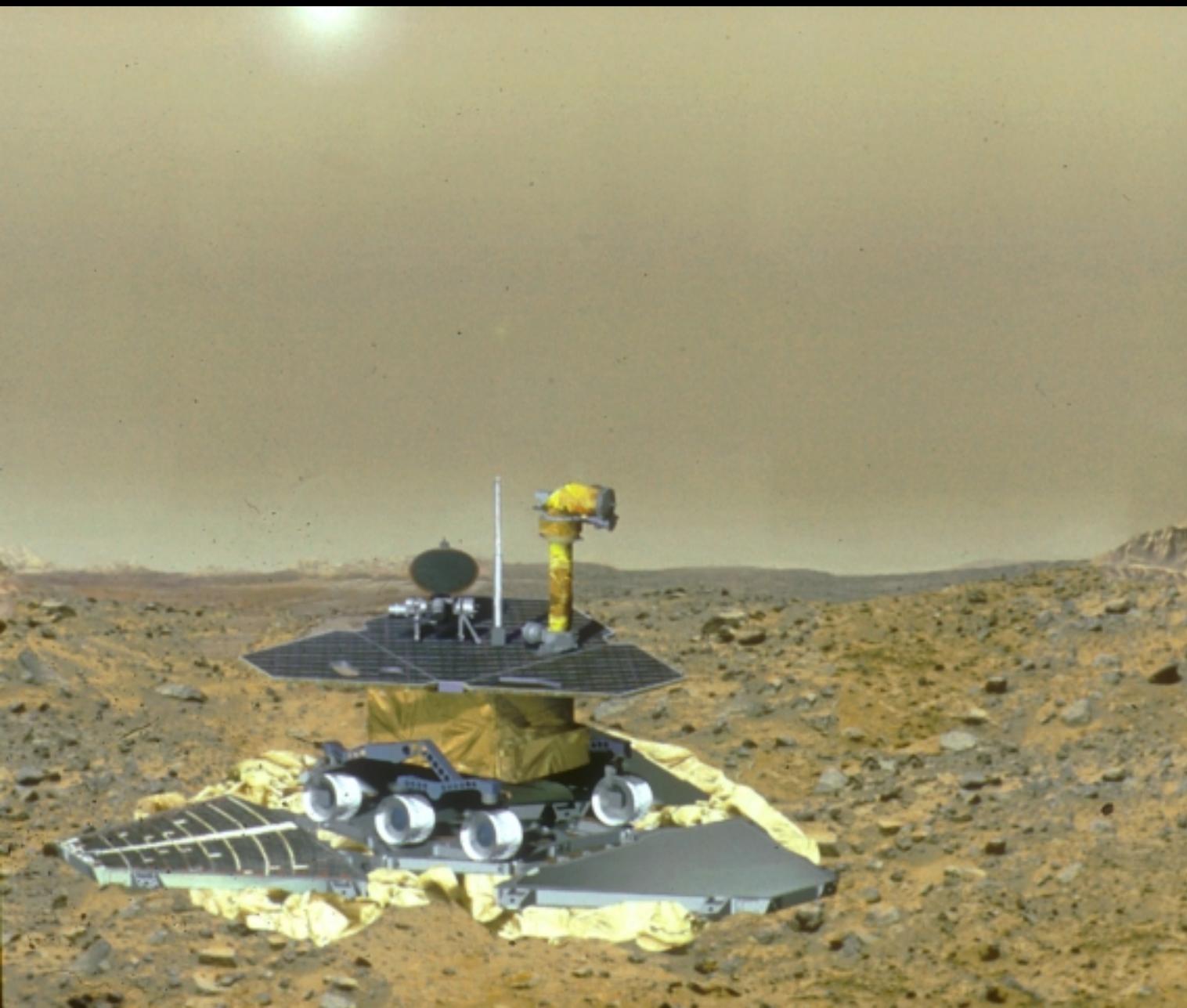
Geomorphology

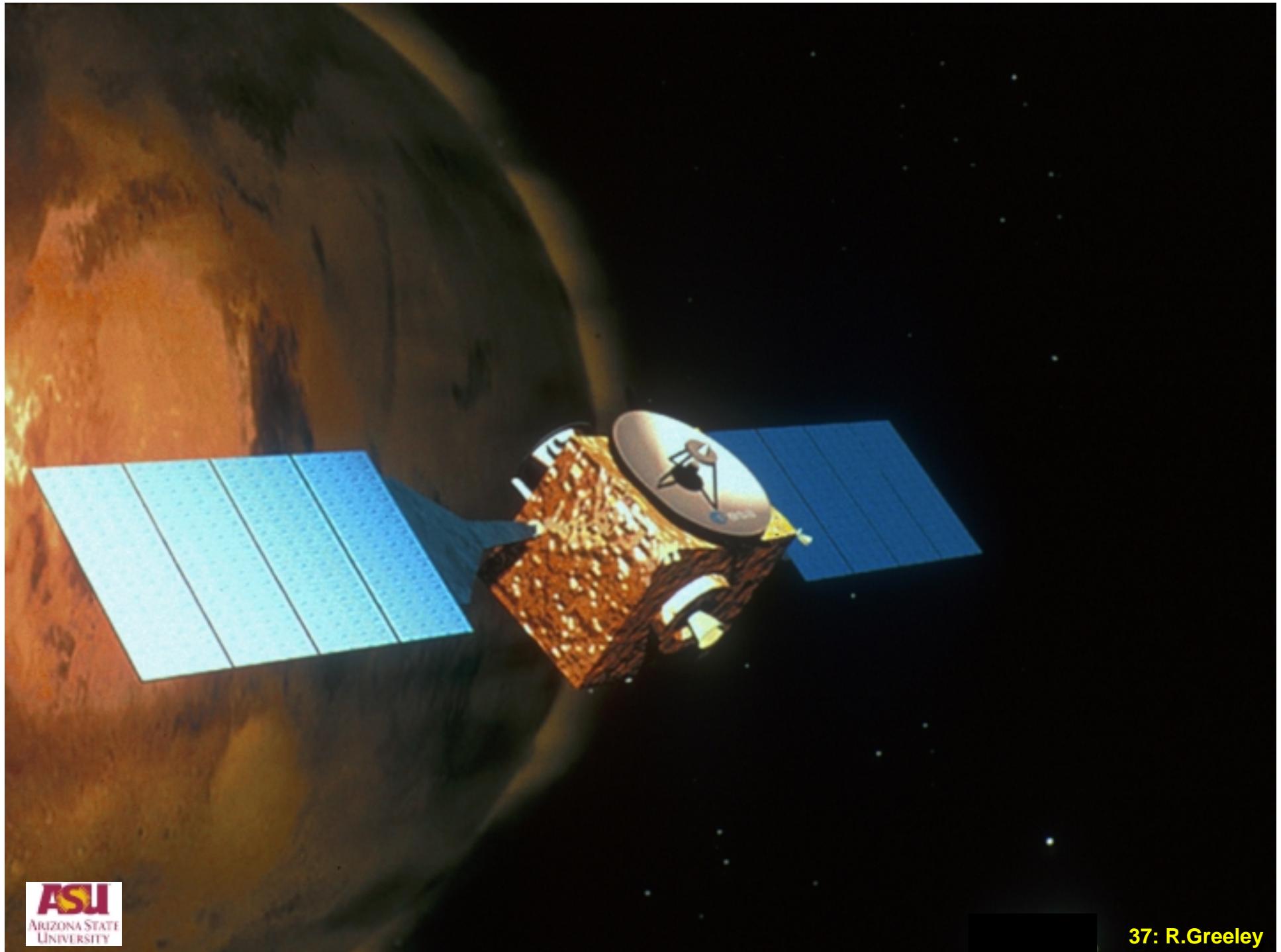
THE MARS EXPLORATION PYRAMID



GEOLOGIC HISTORY OF MARS







Mars Exploration Program

Launch Year

2001



NASA
Mars Odyssey

2003



ESA
Mars Express



Japanese
Nozomi Orbiter

2005



NASA Mars
Reconnaissance
Orbiter

2007



Italian G.Marconi
Telecom Orbiter



French PREMIER-07
Science Orbiter

2009



Italian / NASA
Science Orbiter

...Next Decade

SAR recon orbiter

More Recon

More MSR?

Get samples

First MSR

Explore local
diversity

Multi-scout
Orbiter & Landers

Life inference

Smart lander
with life inference

Get to
subsurface

Deep drilling lab

Sample return

NASA Competed
Scout Mission



Science pathways
responsive to discovery

